

Transetta(DE3) Chemically Competent Cell

Cat. No. CD801

Storage: at -70°C for six months. Do not store in liquid nitrogen.

Description

Transetta(DE3) Chemically Competent Cell is specifically designed from imported strain for chemical transformation of DNA. It is resistant to chloramphenicol(Cam^R) and permits a transformation efficiency of over 10^7 cfu/ μg DNA (tested by pUC19 plasmid DNA).

Genotype

F⁻ ompT hsdSB(r_B⁻ m_B⁻) gal dcm lacY1(DE3)pRARE(argU, argW, ileX, glyT, leuW, proL)(Cam^r)

Features

- Transformation efficiency: $>10^7$ cfu/ μg (pUC19 DNA).
- Cam^R.
- tRNAs for 6 rare codons AUA, AGG, AGA, CUA, CCC, GGA. Enhance the expression level of proteins in the prokaryotic system.
- Control plasmid I (Amp^r) is used for detection of expression function of cell. The protein size is about 25 kDa.

Procedures

- Equilibrate a water bath to 42°C .
- Warm a vial of SOC medium or LB medium to room temperature. Warm selective plates at 37°C for 30 minutes.
- Thaw a vial of 100 μl of Transetta(DE3) Chemically Competent Cell on ice, aliquot 50 μl of the cells into a prechilled 1.5 ml tube, add target DNA (1 to 5 μl) into the tube. Do not mix by pipetting up and down. Incubate the cells on ice for 30 minutes.
- Heat-shock the cells for 45 seconds at 42°C without shaking. Immediately transfer the tube to ice. Incubate on ice for 2 minutes without shaking.
- Add 500 μl of prewarmed SOC medium or LB medium (without antibiotic) into the tube, mix well and shake at 37°C for 1 hour at 200 rpm.
- Spread 20 to 200 μl from each transformation vial on a prewarmed selective plate. The remaining can be stored at 4°C and plated the next day if needed.
- Invert the plate and incubate at 37°C overnight.
- Select colonies and analyze by restriction enzyme digestion, PCR, or sequencing.

Notes

- Higher efficiency transformation can be achieved by transforming cells immediately following thawing.
- Avoid repeated thawing.
- Gentle handling is required for the entire procedure.

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY